

## COSHH Assessment for Zinsser Stain Cover Paint Oil Based

**Substance / material** | Zinsser Stain Cover Paint Oil Based

**Suppliers address and phone number** | Tor Coatings Limited Unit 21, White Rose Way, Follingsby Park, Gateshead, Tyne & Wear, NE10 8YX United Kingdom Tel no: 0191 4106611

<b>Contents / ingredients of product</b>	Hydrocarbons, titanium dioxide, hydrocarbons, Aquatic Chronic 2, 4,5-dichloro-2-octyl-2H				<b>Is there a work exposure limit</b>	Yes <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	No <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Duration</b>	
<b>Where the product's used</b>	Outside <input type="checkbox"/>	Inside well ventilated <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>		Inside poorly ventilated <input type="checkbox"/>		Confined space <input type="checkbox"/>			
<b>How the products used</b>	Mixing <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Pouring <input type="checkbox"/>	Spraying <input type="checkbox"/>	Brushing <input type="checkbox"/>	Applying by hand / hand tools <input type="checkbox"/>		Loading out <input type="checkbox"/>		
<b>Product hazard levels</b>	High <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Medium <input type="checkbox"/>	Low <input type="checkbox"/>	<b>Product state</b>	Solid <input type="checkbox"/>	Liquid <input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Gas <input type="checkbox"/>		

Flammable	Oxidising	Gas under pressure	Explosive	Very toxic	Corrosive	Serious health hazard	Health hazard/irritant	Danger to environment
								
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

PPE	Gloves	Glasses	Goggles	Face shield	Footwear	PPE Clothes *	Dust mask	FFP2 mask	FFP3 mask	Respirator	Noise
											
Outside	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Inside well ventilated	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Inside poorly ventilated	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>
Confined space	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>	<input type="checkbox"/>

\*For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

**Is the substance hazardous to health when:**

Breathed in  Swallowed  In contact with skin  In contact with eyes  Other. Please specify

**Health risks:**

Flammable liquid and vapour.  
 May cause an allergic skin reaction.  
 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.  
 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**First aid and emergency measures:**



Emergency services



First aider



First aid box



Shower



Eye wash



Wash affected area



Boot wash



**First aid details:**

**INHALATION:** Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband

**EYE CONTACT:** Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

**SKIN CONTACT:** Wash skin thoroughly with soap and water or use recognised skin cleanser. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.

**INGESTION:** Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention. If necessary, call a poison center or physician. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

**Protection of First Aiders:** No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. If it is suspected that fumes are still present, the rescuer should wear an appropriate mask or self-contained breathing apparatus. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

**Handling/ Storage / Spillage and Environmental:**

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used.

Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing.

Do not breathe vapour or mist.

Do not ingest.

Avoid release to the environment.

Use only with adequate ventilation.

Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate.

Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated.

Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use.

Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source.

Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment.

Use only non-sparking tools.

Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges.

To avoid fire or explosion, dissipate static electricity during transfer by earthing and bonding containers and equipment before transferring material.

Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous.

Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed.

Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking.

Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.



Water



Carbon Dioxide



Dry powder



Foam



Fire blanket



Raise alarm

**Fire details:**

Extinguishing media: Recommended - Foam, CO<sub>2</sub> or Dry Powder.

Not to be used – water jet.

Flammable liquid and vapour. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion. The vapour/gas is heavier than air and will spread along the ground. Vapours may accumulate in low or confined areas or travel a considerable distance to a source of ignition and flash back. This material is harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode. Clothing for fire-fighters (including helmets, protective boots and gloves) conforming to European standard EN 469 will provide a basic level of protection for chemical incidents.

**Document author:**

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**Signed:**

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**Date:**

15.03.2022